AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A method of preventing, reducing, or inhibiting invasiveness and metastasis of tumor cells in a subject comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of the <u>a</u> B-subunit of Shiga toxin.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the tumor cells are colon tumor cells.
- 3. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the tumor cells are derived from a tissue selected from the group consisting of: colon, lung, brain, skin, ovary, pancreas, liver, stomach, bladder, bone, testicle, uterus, adipose tissue, throat, kidney, tongue, pituitary gland, thyroid, lymphoid tissue, eye, and cervix.
- 4. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the B-subunit of Shiga toxin is Stx1B.
- 5. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the B-subunit of Shiga toxin is Stx2B.
- 6. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the therapeutically effective amount of the B-subunit of Shiga toxin is administered prior to the onset of metastasis by the tumor cells.
- 7. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the therapeutically effective amount of the B-subunit of Shiga toxin is administered subsequent to the onset of metastasis by the tumor cells.

- 8. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of radiation.
- 9. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of at least one chemotherapeutic agent.
- 10. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the tumor cells produce Gb₃.
- 11. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the subject is a human.
- 12. (Previously Presented) The method of claims 1, wherein the B subunit of Shiga toxin is conjugated to a therapeutic moiety.

13.-17 (Cancelled)

18. (New) A method of preventing, reducing, or inhibiting invasiveness and metastasis of colon tumor cells in a subject comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of a B-subunit of Shiga toxin.